

2005 AFB-FB型耐腐蚀离心泵

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AFB-FB型耐腐蚀离心泵
AFB-FB ANTI-CORROSIVE CENTRIFUGAL PUMP

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AFB-FB型单级单吸耐腐蚀离心泵

AFB-FB PATTERN SINGLE-STAGE SINGLE-SUCTION ANTI-CORROSIVE CENTRIFUGAL PUMP

一、概述

AFB、FB型泵是单级单吸悬臂式耐腐蚀离心泵，本厂吸取各类耐腐泵的特点，采用先进水力模型。外型紧凑美观，高效节能，性能稳定等优点。

二、用途

AFB、FB型泵适用于化工、石油、冶金、轻工、印染、制药、环保、海水淡化、海上采油、造纸、食品、发电等工业部门输送不含固体颗粒或无机化工介质，石油产品及腐蚀性的液体，也可供企业及城市供水、排水之用。

三、泵的特点

该类产品具有性能稳定可靠，密封性能好，外观美观，使用检修方便，泵体、泵盖、叶轮、轴套等主要零部件均采用ZC1Cr18Ni9Ti材料制造。

四、工作条件和性能范围

- 密度范围P=1.0~1.1kg/m³
- 介质温度在-20℃~+130℃范围之间。
- 流量2~400m³/h。
- 扬程H10m~105m。
- 特殊性、高温、高压及特殊材料请外加说明。

五、型号意义

例：50 A - F B - 25 A → 叶轮第一次切割（B为第二次）

泵设计点扬程为25米

泵与输送接头过流部分为1Cr18Ni9Ti制造

单级单吸悬臂式耐腐蚀泵

付叶轮动力轴封装置（不带A为机械密封装置FB型）

泵吸入口直径50mm

FIFTH.SIGNIFICANCE OF MODEL

Impeller cut first time(B as second time)

Pump head of pump as 25 meters

Pump and contact overfloe part is made of 1Cr18Ni9Ti

Single-stage single-suction cantilever anti-corrosive pump

Secondary impeller powerseal wished actuator
(without Arefre to mechanical seal actuator Bfpattern)

Diameter of pump suction nozzle as 50mm

六、泵的结构特点及性能

Fb型泵是单级、单吸悬臂式耐腐蚀离心泵，吸入口为水平方向，排出口为垂直向上。主要由泵体、泵盖、叶轮、轴、轴套、托架、底座等零部件组成，采用前后开门两种结构形成。泵盖位于泵全前面的称为前开门结构。泵盖位泵体后面的称为后开门结构。泵轴伸出端由两个滚动轴承支撑在托架上，轴承采用油脂润滑。

Fb型采用机械密封装置，根据需要选用单端或者双端面机械密封，密封腔内通入有一定压力的水冲洗磨擦端面起冷却作用。

Af型泵是悬臂式单吸、单级耐腐蚀离心泵，外形结构和安装尺寸与FB型泵相同，泵主要由泵体、泵盖、叶轮、付叶轮、轴、密封箱、托架等零部件组成。泵轴伸出端面由两个滚动轴承支撑在托架上，轴承用润滑油润滑。

AFB型是将F型的部分结构及密封形式改革而成采用付叶轮动力密封装置，来减压并通过外接冷却水管进行冷却循环。

AFB、FB型的传动泵通过弹性联轴器由电动机直接驱动，以驱动机方向看泵，泵由逆时针方向旋转。

七、泵的材料及结构图

材料 Material	代号 Symbol
ZG1Cr18Ni9	303
ZG1Cr18Ni9Ti	305
ZGCr18Ni12Mo2Ti	306

SIXTH.STRUCTURE OF PUMP AND PERFORMANCE

FB pattern pump is single-stage, single-suction cantilever anti-corrosive centrifugal pump with horizontal suction nozzle, drainage nozzle is vertical, upward. Mainly composed of pump casing, cover, impeller, shaft, shaft sleeve, bracket, base plate etc, utilize front and back door open types. cover is located in front of pump casing is called front door open structure, cover is located on back of pump caseing is called back door open structure. Extension end of shaft is supported rolling bearing on bracket, bearing utilize grease to lubricate.

FB pattern utilize mechanical seal equipment, according to requirement to select single-end or double ends mechanical seal, pour definite pressure of water into sealing cavity to washend of attrition to cooling.

AF pattern of pump is cantilever single-suction, single-stage anti-corrosive centrifugal pump, which has same configuration and installation dimension with FB pattern pump, mainly composed of pump casing, cover, impeller, secondary impeller, shaft, sealing box, bracket etc. Extension end of shaft is supported rolling bearing on bracket, bearing utilize grease to lubricate.

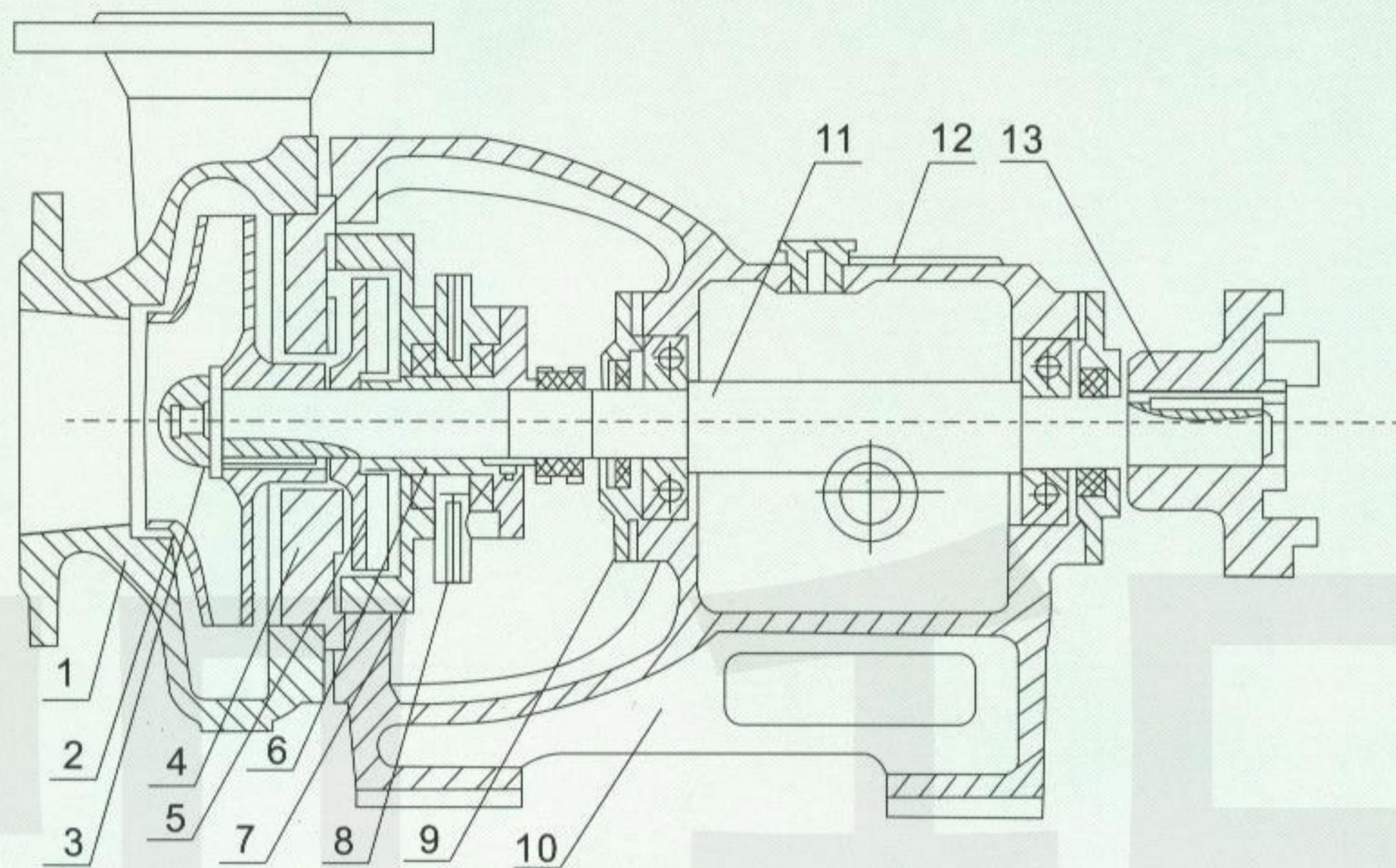
AFB pattern reform part of structure and sealing type of F pattern, utilize secondary impeller power sealing equipment to reduce pressure and through out connection cooling water pipe to take on cooling circulation.
AFB,FBpattern driving pump is directly driving by motor through flexible coupling, view from driving direction, the pump is driven clockwise.

SEVENTH.MATERIAL OF PUMP AND STRUCTURAL DRAWING

材料 Material	代号 Symbol
ZG1Cr18Ni12Mo2Ti	307
ZGCr17Ni14Mo2	316L
ZG1Cr18Ni13Mo2CuN	402

AF型耐腐蚀离心泵结构图

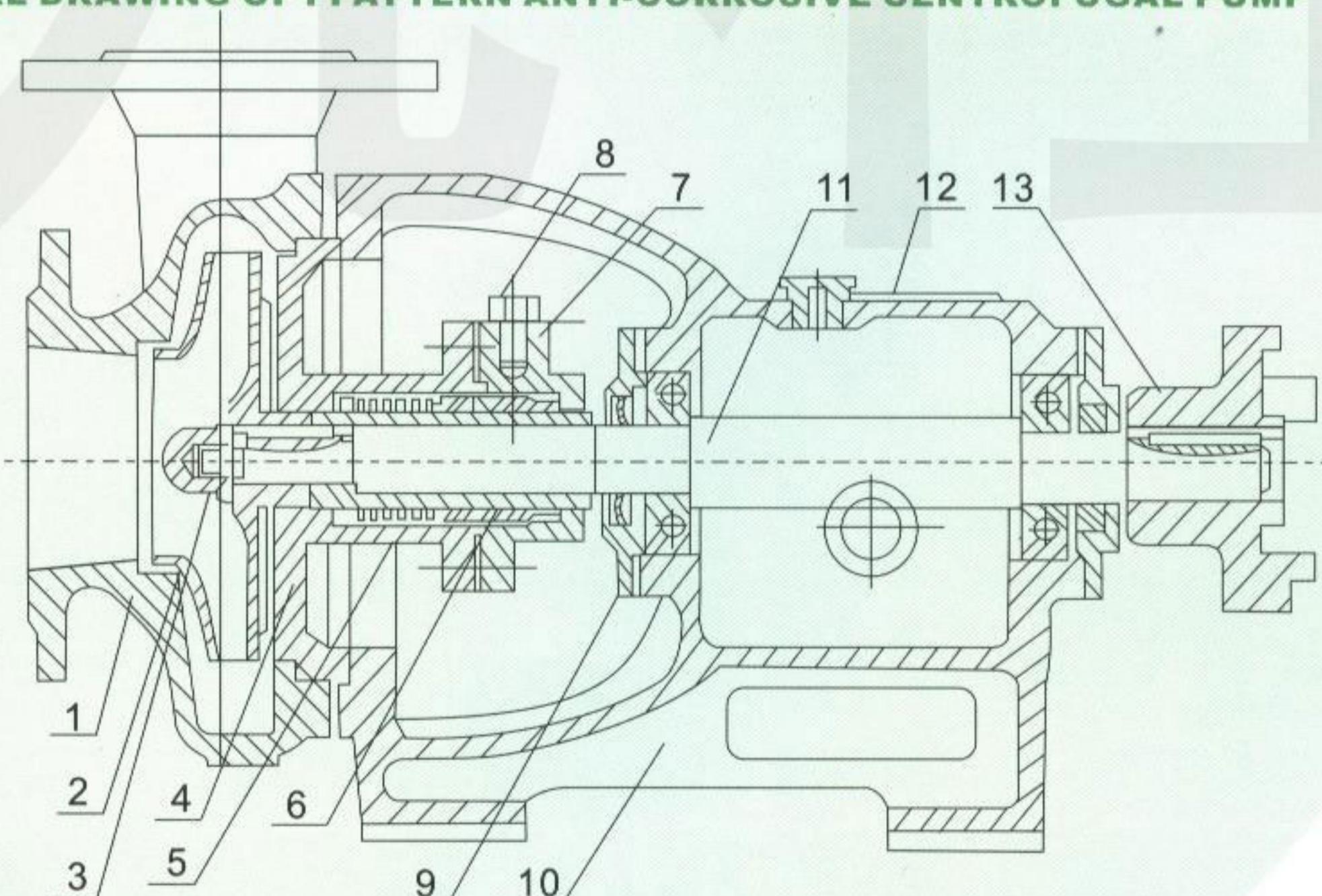
STRUCTURAL DRAWING OF AF PATTERN ANTI-CORROSIVE CENTRIFUGAL PUMP



- 1、泵体(Pump Casing) 2、叶轮(Impeller) 3、叶轮螺母(Impellernut) 4、泵盖(Cover)
- 5、付叶轮(Secondary Impeller) 6、轴套(Shaft Sleeve) 7、密封箱(Sealing box)
- 8、冷却水管(Cooling Waterpipe) 9、轴承压盖(Bearing Gland) 10、托架 Bracket)
- 11、泵轴(Pump Shaft) 12、标牌(Scutsheon) 13、联轴器(Coupling)

F型耐腐蚀离心泵结构图

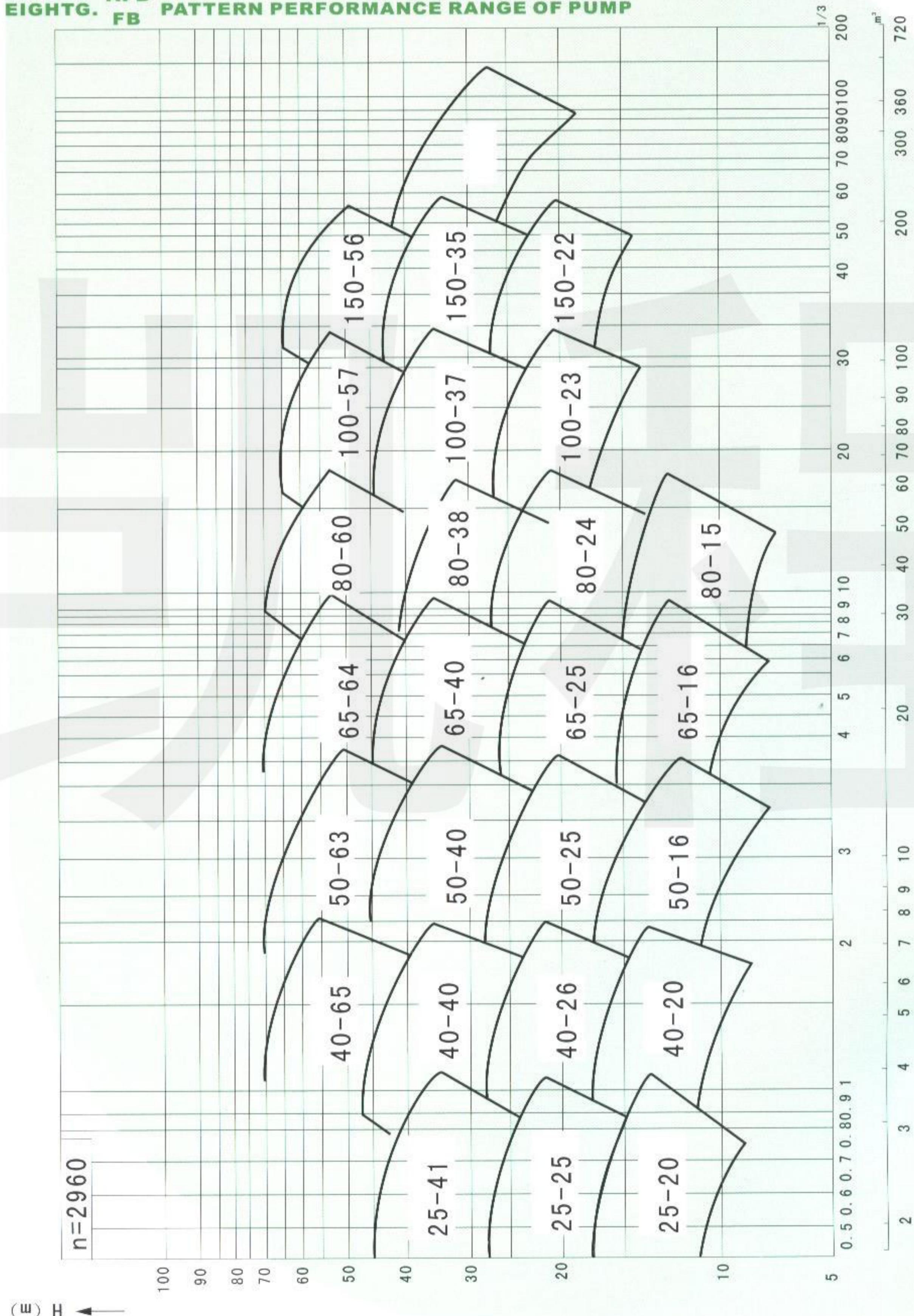
STRUCTURAL DRAWING OF FPATTERN ANTI-CORROSIVE CENTRIFUGAL PUMP



- 1、泵体(Pump Casing) 2、叶轮(Impeller) 3、叶轮螺母(Impellernut) 4、泵盖(Cover)
- 5、机械密封件(Secondary Impeller) 6、轴套(Shaft Sleeve) 7、密封压盖(Sealing box)
- 8、螺堵(Cooling Waterpipe) 9、轴承压盖(Bearing Gland) 10、托架(Bracket) 11、泵轴(Pump Shaft)
- 12、标牌(Scutsheon) 13、联轴器(Coupling)

八、AFB型泵的性能范围图

EIGHTG. AFB PATTERN PERFORMANCE RANGE OF PUMP



AFB型耐腐蚀泵性能范围图

AFB PATTERN PERFORMANCE RANGE OF PUMP

九、^{AFB}_{FB}型泵的性能参数表NINTH. ^{AFB}_{FB} PERFORMANCE PARAMETER FORM OF PUMP

型 号 Model	流 量 Weight		扬 程 Head H (m)	转速 Rotating Speed H (r/mm)	允许吸上真 空高度 Allowable Suction Vacuum Height Hs (m)	功 率 Power N		效 率 Efficiency Y (%)	泵重量 Weight of Pump W (kg)
	(m ³ /h)	(L/S)				轴 功 率 Input power (kw)	电 动 机 功 率 Electromotor (kw)		
25 ^{FB} _{AFB} -16	3.6	1	16	2900	6	0.68	1.1	35	30
25 ^{FB} _{AFB} -20	3.6	1	20	2900	6	0.7	1.5	27	31
25 ^{FB} _{AFB} -25	3.6	1	25	2900	6	0.9	2.2	27	32
25 ^{FB} _{AFB} -41	3.6	1	40	2900	6	1.75	3	23	38
40 ^{FB} _{AFB} -16	7.2	2.0	16	2900	6.5	0.6	15	50	30
40 ^{FB} _{AFB} -20	7.2	2.0	20	2900	6	0.9	2.2	40	33
40 ^{FB} _{AFB} -26	7.2	2.0	25	2900	6	1.14	3	44	38
40 ^{FB} _{AFB} -40	7.2	2.0	40	2900	6	2.24	4	35	40
40 ^{FB} _{AFB} -65	7.2	2.0	65	2900	5.5	4.09	7.5	26	60
50 ^{FB} _{AFB} -16	14.4	4	16	2900	6	0.99	2.2	62	35
50 ^{FB} _{AFB} -25	14.4	4	25	2900	6	1.8	4	52	44
50 ^{FB} _{AFB} -40	14.4	4	40	2900	6	3.5	5.5	46	54
50 ^{FB} _{AFB} -63	14.4	4	63	2900	5.5	7.0	11	35	70
65 ^{FB} _{AFB} -16	28.8	4	15.7	2900	6	1.4	3	68	42
65 ^{FB} _{AFB} -25	28.8	8	25	2900	5.5	3.11	5.5	63	44
65 ^{FB} _{AFB} -30	30	8.3	30	2900	3.5	2.75	7.5	42	72
65 ^{FB} _{AFB} -40	28.8	8	40	2900	6	5.23	11	60	70
65 ^{FB} _{AFB} -64	28.8	8	64	2900	5.5	9.47	15	53	70
80 ^{FB} _{AFB} -15	54	15	15	2900	5.5	3.16	5.5	70	54
80 ^{FB} _{AFB} -24	54	15	24	2900	5.5	4.91	7.5	68	56
80 ^{FB} _{AFB} -38	54	15	38	2900	5.5	8.66	15	66	70
80 ^{FB} _{AFB} -60	54	15	60	2900	5.5	9.5	18.5	62	80
100 ^{FB} _{AFB} -23	100.8	28	22.5	2900	4.5	8.25	11	75	58
100 ^{FB} _{AFB} -37	100.8	28	36.5	2900	4.5	12.85	18.5	70	64
100 ^{FB} _{AFB} -57	100	28	57	2900	4	21.7	30	69	72
150 ^{FB} _{AFB} -22	190.8	53	22	2900	4.5	11.2	22	80	60
150 ^{FB} _{AFB} -35	190.8	53	34.7	2900	4.5	18.5	30	75	68

十、泵的装配和拆装

TENTH.INSTALLATION AND DISASSEMBLY OF PUMP

1. 装配:

- (1) 分别进行转子部件、托架部件、密封部件、联轴器等进行试装配。
- (2) 轴承转子部件装入托架部件后，装上轴承压盖、然后装好轴联轴器。
- (3) 旋入圆螺母，套上密封部件、F4垫片，再装好叶轮及叶轮螺母，调整好叶轮与泵盖的间隙。
- (4) 将装好螺栓的泵体与托架组装，紧固螺栓，(AFB型装上冷却水管)。
- (5) 用手转动联轴器，有否轻重不均匀现象和摩擦声，若有异常，拆开检查需要新调整装配，排除异常后方可进行试验。

1. ASSEMBLY:

- (1) Respectively take on test assembly of rotor, bracket, sealing part, coupling etc.
- (2) After bearing rotor install into bracket, install bearing gland then install coupling.
- (3) Screw round nut, cover sealing part, F4 washer, then, install impeller and impeller nut, adjust the clearance between impeller and cover.
- (4) Assemble bolt casing and bracket, tighten bolt(AFB pattern install cooling tube)
- (5) Manually turn coupling, if there has unequal weight and attrition noise, please disassemble to check then reassemble it, after eliminate the abnormality can take on test.

2. 拆卸:

和安装位置相反，进行泵的拆卸。

2. DISASSEMBLY:

Reverse direction to installation position

十一、安装说明

ELEVENTH.SPECIFICATION FOR INSTALLATION

1. 安装前的准备工作:

- (1) 准备安装工具及起吊设备；
- (2) 检查水泵机组各部件在运输过程中有否松动和损坏；
- (3) 检查基础是否水平。

1. PREPARATION BEFORE INSTALLATION:

- (1) Prepare installation tool and hoist equipment
- (2) Check each part of water pump unit whether loosen or damage or not on the road of transportation.
- (3) Check the base level.

2. 安装顺序:

- (1) 机组运至现场时，已将泵机组固定在底座上并已校正，找平底座时可不必卸下机组，所以安装十分方便；
- (2) 将底座放在基础上，并在地脚螺栓附近垫楔形铁，将底座垫高20~40mm，作校平后填充水泥浆之用；
- (3) 用水平仪检查底座的水平度，同时注意是否能与管路连接，否则应作调整。

2. INSTALLATION ORDER:

- (1) When the unit transport to the spot, please fix pump unit on base plate and check it, needn't to remove unit when look for flat base plate, so the whole installation is very convenient.
- (2) place base plate on the base level, and put wedge iron near the foundation bolt, put base plate up to 20-40mm, use to fill cement mortar after flat check.
- (3) Utilize level to check horizontal of base plate, meanwhile pay attention to whether it can connect with pipeline, otherwise should adjust it.

3. 安装注意事项:

- (1) 安装时管路重量不应承受在泵上，否则易损坏水泵；
- (2) 安装时必须拧紧地脚螺栓，且每间隔一定段应对机组进行检查防止其松动，以免水泵起动时发生剧烈振动而影响泵的性能；
- (3) 安装水泵前应仔细检查泵流道内有无影响水泵运行的硬质物（如石块、铁砂等）以免水泵运行时损坏过流部件；
- (4) 为了维修方便和安全，应在泵的进出口管路上安装一只调节阀及在泵进出口法兰上各安装一只压力表对于高扬程泵，为防止水锤，还应在出口闸阀前安装一只止回阀以应付突然断电等失去动力事故，从而确保水泵在最佳工况下运行，延长水泵的使用寿命；
- (5) 泵用于有吸程场合时，应装有底阀，并且进口管路不应有过多弯道，同时不得有漏水，漏气现象，以免影响水泵的吸入性能及液体漏出伤人；
- (6) 为不使杂质进入泵内而堵塞流道影响性能，应在泵进口前面安装过滤器；
- (7) 安装管路前转动水泵的转子部件，应无磨擦声或卡死现象，否则应将泵拆开检查原因。

3. ATTENTIONS FOR INSTALLATION:

- (1) Shouldn't press weight of pipeline on the pump while installing, otherwise will damage water pump easily.
- (2) Must tighten foundation bolt while installing, and check the unit in every period to prevent it loosening, so as to avoid the drastic vibration that caused by operation of water pump and effect the performance of pump
- (3) Before water pump installation, please check carefully whether there are hard substance(such as stone, iron sand etc.)in port to effect operation of water pump.
- (4) In order to maintain conveniently and operate safely, it should install an adjustable valve on the inlet and outlet pipeline and install a pressure meter on inlet and outlet nozzle flange. As to high head pump, in order to prevent water hammering, it should install a check valve on the front of outlet gate valve to deal with event of electric cut-off suddenly etc. so as to ensure water pump operate under the best working status and prolong service life of water pump.
- (5) When pump is used in suction head occasion, it should install base plate and no more tortuous path on inlet pipeline, meanwhile, mustn't have leakage to effect suction performance of water pump and liquid leakage to injur people.
- (6) In order to prevent dirt enter into pump to block port and effect performance, please install filter on front of pump inlet.
- (7) please rotate rotor part before pipeline installation, mustn't have attrition noise or block status, otherwise should disassemble the pump to check the cause.

十二、起动、运行和停止与维护（泵的使用）

TWELVETH.DRIVE,OPERATION,CEASING AND MAINTENANCE(USAGE OF PUMP)

1. 起动前准备

- (1) 起动前要把泵和现场清理干净；
- (2) 检查托架内润滑油量是否适量（油标可显示）；
- (3) 未接联轴器前检查原动机的转向，与泵的转向箭头一致后，（从电机端看，叶轮逆时针旋转），接好联轴器；
- (4) 在装好机械密封（或填料）和联轴器后可轻便地用手转动泵轴，应无磨擦现象；
- (5) 泵在有吸程情况下使用，起动前应灌泵或抽真空；泵在倒灌情况下使用，起动前应用所输送液将泵灌满，驱除泵中的空气后，将吐出管的闸阀关闭；
- (6) 起动前检查基础螺栓有无松动，压盖是否歪斜，以及润滑油和冷却水的供应情况；
- (7) AFB要连接冷却水管、以达到冷却密封装置之用。

1. PREPARATION BEFORE START

- (1) Please clean pump and working spot before driving.
- (2) Check lubricant oil proper or not(oil surface is about central line 2 mm on oil meter)and oil meter perfect or not.
- (3) Before connect coupling should check the rotating direction of motor, the rotating direction should same as rotating direction of pump(look from end of motor, impeller rotate as clockwise).
- (4) After install mechanical seal(or packing)and coupling, it can easily manual rotate shaft of pump and with no attrition phenomenon, then install safe cover of coupling.
- (5) When pump use under condition of suction process, should irrigate pump or deflate vacuum before drive, pump use under the condition of flow backward should fill full of pump before drive, after get rid of the air in the pump, please shut off the gate valve of discharge tube.
- (6) Check foundation bolt loosen or not before drive, check stuffing gland whether crooked or not and supply status of lubricant oil and cooling water.
- (7) AFB should connect with cooling water pipe to use as cooling sealing equipment.

2. 起动

- (1) 关闭进出口压力(或真空)表和出水阀门、(如有旁通管、此时也应关闭)起动电机(最好先点动、确认泵转向正确后,才开始正式运行),然后打开进出口压力(或真空)计,当泵达到正常转速、且仪表指出相应压力时,再慢慢打开出水阀门,调节到需要的工况。在吐出管路关闭的情况下,泵连续工作时间,不能超过3分钟;
- (2) 起动过程中要时时注意原动机的电流读数及泵的振动情况;
- (3) 密封情况:机械密封应无泄漏、发热现象、填料密封应呈连续滴流状态。

2.START

- (1) Shut off pressure meter on inlet and outlet (or vacuum) and outlet valve (any bypass tube should be shut off either) drive motor (had better start in advance, confirm correct rotating direction to operate), then open outlet pressure meter (vacuum), when pump reach to normal rotating speed and instrument to corresponding pressure, slowly open outlet valve and adjust to demanded working status. Under the condition of discharge pipeline being shut off, continuous work time of pump can't exceed 3 minutes.
- (2) In process of operation it should pay attention to electric current digit of motor and vibration status of pump from time to time.
- (3) Sealing Status: Mechanical seal shouldn't have leakage, heating phenomenon, packing seal should be in continuous trickling status.

3. 运行:

- (1) 经常检查和电机的发热情况(轴承的温度不应超过75℃)及油位计油面情况。(一般每运行1500小时后,要全部更换润滑油一次);
- (2) 不能用吸入阀来调节流量,避免产生汽蚀;
- (3) 泵不宜在低于30%设计流量连续运转,如果必须在该条件下连续运转,则应在出口处安装旁通管,排除多余的流量;
- (4) 注意泵运转有无杂音,如发现异常状态时,应及时消除或停车检查。

3.OPERATION

- (1) Constantly check heating circumstance of pump and motor (temperature of bearing shouldn't exceed 75C) and oil meter without oil surface status. (generally, it should replace lubricant oil once after every 1500 hours).
- (2) Shouldn't use suction valve to adjust capacity, prevent generating air erosion.
- (3) Pump cannot operate continuously lower than 30% design capacity, if it has to operate under such condition, must install bypass pipe to get rid of unnecessary capacity.
- (4) Pay attention to the noise of operation of pump, if discover any abnormal state, please eliminate or stop operating timely.

4. 停止:

- (1) 缓慢关闭吐出口管路闸阀(如果泵在倒灌情况下使用,还要关闭吸入管路的闸阀)、并关闭各种仪表的开关;
- (2) 切断电源;
- (3) 如果密封采用外部引液时,还要关闭外引液阀门;
- (4) 如果环境温度低于液体凝固时,要放净泵内的液体,以防冻裂;
- (5) 如果长时间停车不用,除将泵内的腐蚀性液体放净外,各零件应拆卸清洗干净,尤其是密封腔,最好是将泵拆下清洗后重新装好,除涂油防锈处理和封闭泵进、出口外,还应定期检查。

4.CEASING

- (1) Slow close discharge nozzle pipeline gate valve, and close switch on various instrument.
- (2) Switch off electric power.
- (3) If seal utilize outside pilot liquid, need to close outside pilot liquid valve.
- (4) If environmental temperature is lower than liquid freezing point, please drain out liquid cleanly to prevent being splitted.
- (5) If deposit it for a long time, please drain out corrosive liquid in pump clearly, disassemble and clean each part, especially the seal cavity. Had better reassemble it after cleanliness, cover with anti-rust oil and block outlet and inlet of pump, besides, it should be inspected periodically.

十三、使用机械密封注意事项**THIRTEEN. ATTENTION FOR MECHANICAL SEAL**

本型号泵可根据不同的使用条件装不同形式的机械密封,(如内装单端面平衡型和非平衡型,双端面平衡型及非平衡型,外装式机械密封等)根据所选用密封式的不同,其使用方法和注意事项也有所不同,具体情况参阅机械密封安装使用说明书、GB3215-82“炼油厂、化工及石油工流程用离心泵通用技术条件”,下面仅提几点一般应注意的事项。

This kind of pump can according different operating condition to install different type of mechanical seal, different sealing type with different operating method and attention, detailed content refer to Mechanical Sealing Installation Manual, GB3215-82 refinery, the following is general attention for reference:

- (1) 由于机械密封一般适用在清洁的,无悬浮颗粒的介质中使用,因此,对新安装的管路系统和储液罐,应认真冲洗干净,严防固体杂质进入机械密封端面而使密封失效;
 - (2) 在易结晶的介质中使用机械密封应注意经常冲洗。停车后重新起动前,要将机械密封上的结晶清洗干净。
 - (3) 拆卸机械密封应仔细,不允许用手锤、铁器等敲击,以免破坏、静环密封面;
 - (4) 如果有污垢拆不下来时,应设法清除污垢,冲洗干净后再进行拆卸,以免损坏密封元件;
 - (5) 安装机械密封前,应检查所有密封元件是否有失效或损坏,如有则应重新修复或更换;
 - (6) 应严格检查动环与静环的相对磨擦密封面,不允许有任何细微的划痕、碰伤等缺陷。所有零部件,包括泵体、叶轮、密封腔等在装配前均应冲洗干净,尤其是动、静环端面,要用清洁、柔软的布或棉纱认真擦拭干净,然后涂上一层清洁的油脂或机油;
 - (7) 装配中要注意消除偏差,紧固螺钉时,要均匀拧紧,避免发生偏斜,使密封失效;
 - (8) 正确的调整弹簧的压缩量,泵安装好以后,以手扳转子时,应感觉到密封弹簧既有一定的压缩量,而又能轻快、灵活地转动没有咬紧的感觉,如感觉太紧或盘不动,则应适当调松一些;
 - (9) 对有外部冲洗的机械密封,起动前应先开启冲洗液,使密封腔内充满密封液。停车时,先停泵,后关密封冲洗液。
- (1) Due to mechanical seal is generally suitable for clean with no suspending medium, therefore, it should clean new installation pipeline system and liquid storage tank carefully to prevent dirt entering into end of mechanical seal, make seal inefficiently.
 - (2) Mechanical seal is used in easy crystal medium should wash it constantly, before restart it should clean crystal on mechanical seal.
 - (3) Remove mechanical seal must be careful, don't beat with hand, iron tool etc, in order to avoid to damage dynamic and static circle facing.
 - (4) If it cannot be removed due to dirt, try to clean dirt, wash neatly to remove, so as to avoid damage sealing component.
 - (5) Before install mechanical seal should check all of sealing components whether have been damaged or disabled, if there are any damaged or disabled components should be repaired or replaced timely.
 - (6) Strictly check dynamic and static circle opposite attrition facing even with no tiny nick and scar. All of components including pump casing, impeller, sealing cavity etc. should be wash cleanly, especially the dynamic static circle end should be rubbed by soft cloth or cotton gauze, then cover clean grease or engine oil on it.
 - (7) Pay attention to eliminate eccentricity while assembling, equally tighten screw, prevent to be inclined and make seal invalid.
 - (8) Properly adjust compression ratio of spring, after pump installation, when manually turn rotor will feel sealing spring has definite compression ratio and also can turn trippingly and neatly without snap sense. If feel too tight or cannot turn, please adjust to somewhat loose.
 - (9) As to outside wash mechanical seal, please open lotion before start to fill sealing cavity with sealing lotion. When stop operating, secure pump in advance then close sealing lotion.

十四、特别提示:**FOURTEEN. SPECIAL INSTRUCTION**

- (1) 水泵使用前请详阅此书;
 - (2) 管路重量不应承受在水泵上;
 - (3) 严禁空载运转;
 - (4) 正确的传动方向;
 - (5) AFB型要安装上外部冲洗液。
- (1) Before use water pump, please read this manual carefully.
 - (2) Weight of pipeline shouldn't impose on water pipe.
 - (3) Empty carry operation are not allowed.
 - (4) Correct transmission direction.
 - (5) AFB pattern should install outside washing lotion.

十五、可能发生的故障、原因及消除法

FIFTEEN. PROBABILITY HITCH, CAUSE AND SOLUTION

产生振动及噪音 Cause vibration and noise

功率消耗过大 Power expend too much

流量、扬程不足 Capacity, head insufficient

泵输出不出液体 Pump cannot output liquid

故障不出液体 Cause

密封处泄漏过多 Overfull leakage on seal

轴封（包括填料）发热 Lubrication (including stuffing box)

泵过份发热及转不动 Immoderate heat of pump and cannot turn

轴承发热及轴承磨损 Bearing heating and bearing worn

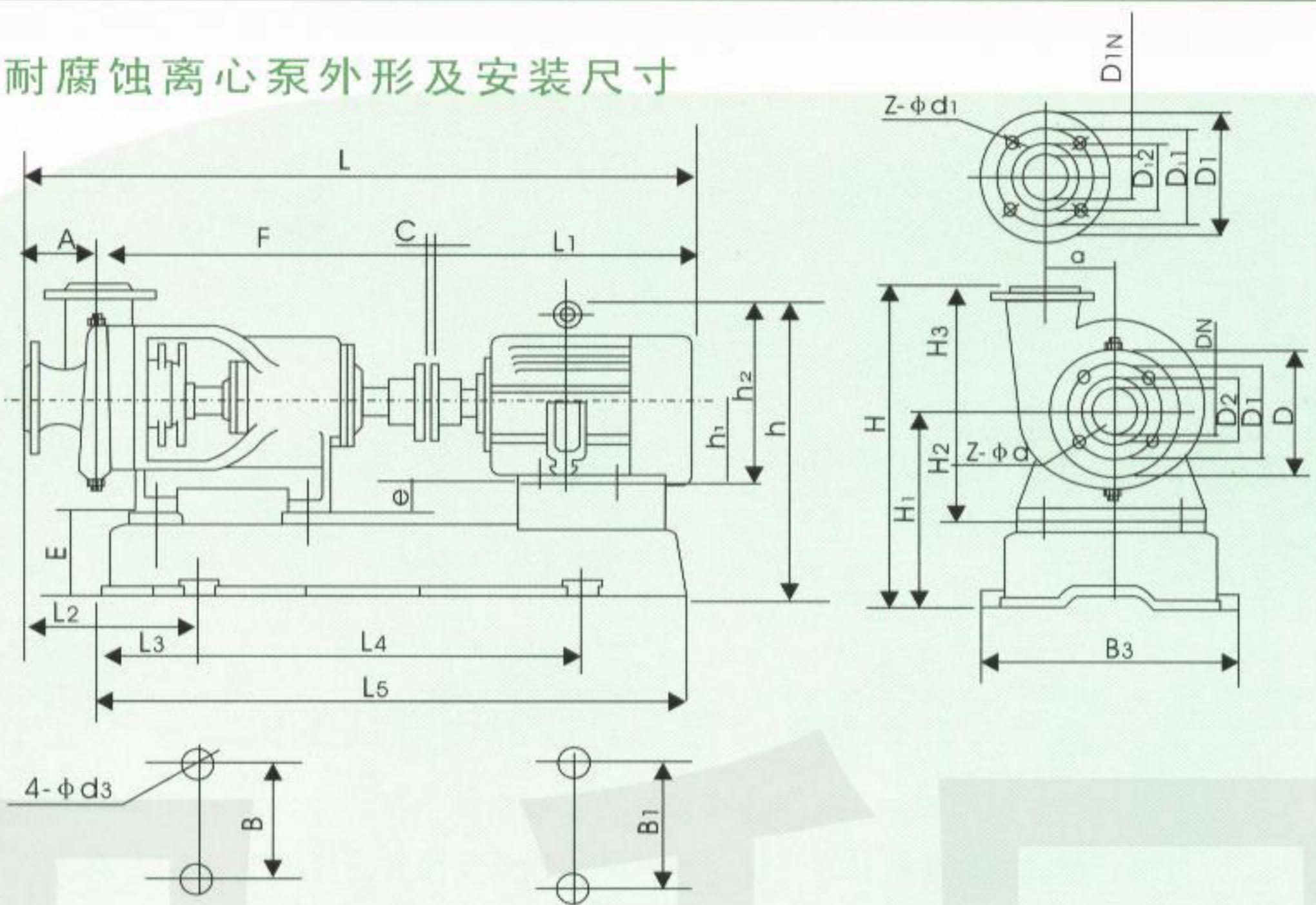
消除方法 Solution

泵内或吸入管内留有空气 Air exist in pump or suction tube	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>					重新灌泵排除空气 Affuse pump again to drive out air
吸上扬程过高或灌注液不够 Up suction head too high or affusion lotion insufficient	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>					降低泵位、增加进出口处压力灌满液 Decline the position of pump, increase pressure on inlet nozzle to fill liquid
吸入管径过小或有杂物堵塞 Diameter of suction tube too small or dirt blocked	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>					加大吸入管径，清除堵塞 Enlarge diameter of suction tube, clean out block
吸入管浸入深度不够或漏气 Suction tube hasn't been immersed deeply or leak air	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>							增大浸入深度或检修管路 Deep immersing depth to check pipeline
转速过高或过低 Rotating speed too quick or too slow	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>						按规定要求检查原动机转速 Check rotating speed of motor
泵转向不对 Rotating direction of pump incorrect	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>							调整转向 Adjust direction of turning
总扬程与泵扬程不符 Total head is not in accordance with pump head	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>						降低吐出系统阻力或高度 Decline resistance of dischang system or height
介质密度与粘度与泵要求不符 Medium thickness and stickiness is not in accordance with pump requirement	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>						应进行换算并调整电机 Adjust motor
在流量过小时运转产生振动 Little capacity operation cause vibration			<input type="checkbox"/>			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		加大流量或设旁通循环管 Enlarge capacity or install bypass circle pipe
泵与电机轴线不一致或轴弯曲 Pump differ to motor axes or shaft winding			<input type="checkbox"/>		校正 Revise				
转动部分与固定部分有磨擦 Attrition between rotating part and fixing part			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		检修泵 Repair pump
轴承磨损严重或损坏 Bearing worn badly or being damaged			<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		更换之 Replace it
密封环磨损过多 Sealing ring worn badly	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>							更换之 Replace it
轴套、填料或动静环磨损过多 Shaft sleeve, packing or dynamic and static ring worn badly		<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			更换之 Replace it
填料（或机械密封）选用或安装不当 Packing(or mechanical seal), select or installation incorrect		<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			按使用要求重新选用或安装 Reselect or reinstall
转动部分不平衡引起振动 Rotating part imbalance cause vibration			<input type="checkbox"/>		检查原因设法消除 Check cause try to eliminate				
油室油量过多（或油过脏） Oil house has too much oil (or oil too dirty)			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			<input type="checkbox"/>		按油位要求加油（或换新油） Pour into oil according to requirement of oil position (or replace new oil)
管路或泵内有杂物堵塞 Pipeline or pump has dirt to be blocked	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>						检查并排除 Check and eliminate it
密封液压力不当 Sealing lotion pressure improper				<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				应按密封腔前的压力大 According to pressure front sealing cavity, enlarge to 0.049~0.147MPa
填料压盖过紧或过松 Stuffing gland too tight or too loose			<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>				适当调整之 Properly adjust it

进出口法兰尺寸
SUCTION AND DISCHANG FLANGE DIMENSION

型号 Model	DN	D ₁	D ₂	D ₃	Z-d	D _{1N}	D ₁₁	D ₁₂	D ₁₃	Z-d ₁
25-16 25-20 25-25 25-41	Φ25	Φ115	Φ85	Φ68	4-Φ14	Φ20	Φ105	Φ75	Φ58	4-Φ14
40-16 40-26 40-40 40-65	Φ40	Φ145	Φ110	Φ88		Φ25	Φ115	Φ85	Φ68	
50-16	Φ50	Φ140	Φ110	Φ88		Φ130	Φ100	Φ80		
50-25 50-40 50-63		Φ160	Φ125	Φ105	4-Φ18	Φ40	Φ145	Φ110	Φ88	4-Φ18
65-16 65-25 65-30	Φ65	Φ165	Φ130	Φ110		Φ50	Φ160	Φ125	Φ105	
65-40 65-64		Φ180	Φ145	Φ120		Φ65	Φ180	Φ145	Φ122	
80-15	Φ80	Φ185	Φ150	Φ128		Φ80	Φ195	Φ160	Φ133	
80-24 80-38 80-60		Φ195	Φ160	Φ133						
100-23 100-37 100-57	Φ100	Φ215	Φ170	Φ145						
150-22 150-35	Φ150	Φ260	Φ225	Φ202	8-Φ18	Φ125	Φ245	Φ210	Φ184	8-Φ18

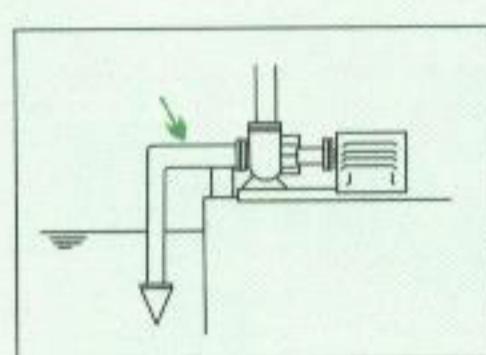
十六、AFB/FB型耐腐蚀离心泵外形及安装尺寸



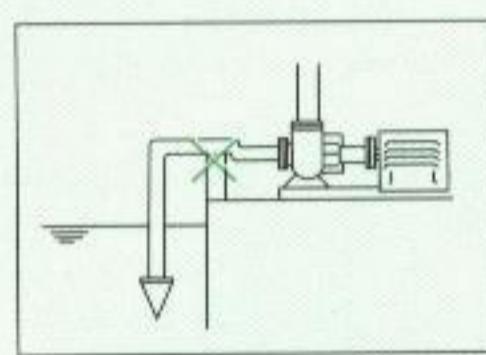
AFB/FB型耐腐蚀外形及安装尺寸表

型号	L	A	F	C	L1	L2	L3	L4	L5	B	B1	B2	H	H1	H2	H3	a	h	h1	h2	4-d ₃	E	e	底座号		
25-16	740				290												365	80	170			32				
25-20	765	68	378	2	315	235	135	380	620	255	255	300	305	175	112	130	75	275	90	190	4-Φ18	63	22	1 [*]		
25-25	785				335																					
25-41	935	72	455		400	255		470	735	290	330	380	385	225	150	160	105	370	100	245		75	50	2 [*]		
40-16	765				315	237		380	620	255	255	300	305	175	112	130	75	275	90	190		63	22	1 [*]		
40-20	785	70	378		335	237		470	735																	
40-26	930	72		2	400	245	135	470	735				365				140	90	370	100	245	4-Φ18	75	50	2 [*]	
40-40	942	74			410	250				290	330	380	385		225	150	160	102	383	112	265		75	38	3 [*]	
40-65	1042	100	460		480	275											435	235	160	200	132	413	132	315		
50-16	797	75	380		340	235		380	620	255	255	300	305	175	112	130	75	275	90	190		63	22	1 [*]		
50-25	940	77	455		405	248	135							385				160	91	383	112	265		38	3 [*]	
50-40	1027	85		2	480	260	460	475	760	290	330	380		390			165	110	413	132	315	4-Φ18	75	18	3B [*]	
50-63	1167	100			605	275	180	550	920	320	425	475	450	250	160	200	132	475	160	385		90	0	4 [*]		
65-16	937	80	435		400	255		470	735				380				155	80	338	100	245		50	3 [*]		
65-25					480	260	135			290	330	380										75				
65-30	1022	85		2	475	760							405				180	90	413	132	315		18	3B [*]		
65-40					320	180	550	920		320	425	475	450	250	160	200	110	475	160	385	4-Φ18	100	-10	4B [*]		
65-64	1167	100			605	320	180	550	920							200	132	475	160	385		90	0	4 [*]		
80-15	1035	93			485	270	135	475	760	290	330	380	365				140	94	413	132	315		75	18	3B [*]	
80-24	1045	103			485	280							385				160	100								
80-38	1060	93		2	605	315	180	550	920	320	425	475	405				180	110	475	160	385	4-Φ18	100	-10	4B [*]	
80-60	1232	120			650	345							450				200	132					90	0	4 [*]	
100-23	1165				605	320	180	550	920	320			430				180	110	475	160	385		100	-10	4B [*]	
100-37	1210	98		2	650								450	250	150	200	118				4-Φ18	100	-10	4B [*]		
100-57	1342	100			780	270	125	730	980	335			480	260	160	220	140	545	200	475		110	-40	5 [*]		
150-22	1282			2	680	380	180	550	920	320	425	475	510	260	150	125	510	180	430	4-Φ18	110	-30	4C [*]			
150-35	1382	130	470	2	780	325	125	730	980	330	425	475	530	280	150	250	148	545	200	475		130	-50	5B [*]		

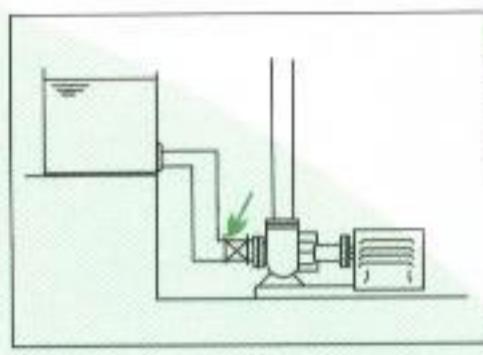
管路设计上的注意事项



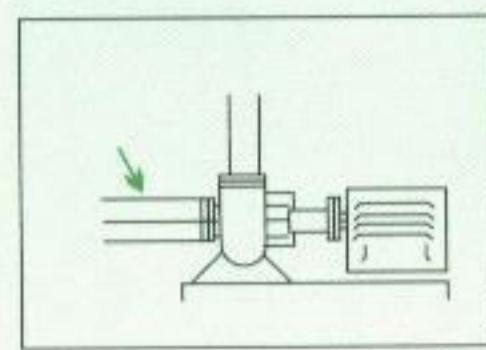
尽可能缩短吸入管路，使泵靠近液面，以减少吸程上的管路阻抗。



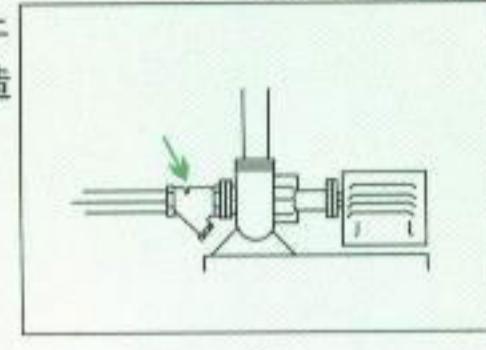
吸程管路上不可布设凸起管，以防气阻造成空转，损坏轴封。



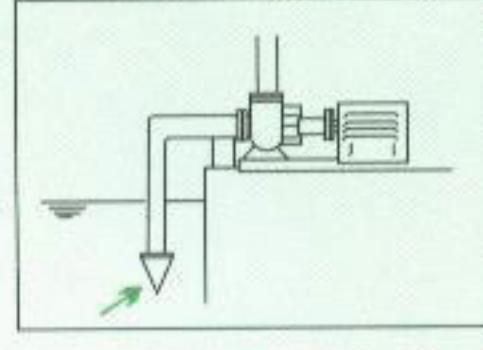
③特别是灌压输入式时，请在泵前安装闸阀，以方便检修作业。



④吸入管路口径不得小于泵的吸入口径，否则会造成泵内汽蚀。



⑤为防止固体物混入泵内，初运行时请在吸入口侧安装筛网。（筛网密度请参见各型号使用说明书）但要及时撤掉切保吸入口通畅。



⑥请在吸入管路的端头安装底阀，以维持吸入管路及泵内的满水状态。

★选型时请充分注意管路损失水头。

十七、泵与介质接触的主要零件材料耐腐蚀性能选择

★金属材料耐腐蚀性能通常用腐蚀深度（又称腐蚀速度）作为评定金属材料耐腐蚀性能的一项主要指标。

★腐蚀深度是指金属材料在单位时间内腐蚀的金属深度，单位用“毫米/年”（mm/a）表示。

★按照腐蚀程度的不同，通常分为：腐蚀深度小于0.1mm/a的材料，称为耐腐蚀性能材料；腐蚀深度为0.1~1mm/a，称为尚耐腐蚀材料；腐蚀深度大于1mm/a，称为耐腐蚀性不好的材料。

★一般泵与介质接触的主要零件的材料选项用在指定介质情况中，尚耐腐蚀性材料就可以。

★为便于用户选用泵进，根据所输送介质条件，选择适宜泵的主要零件材料耐腐蚀性能，本说明书汇编了ZG1Cr18-Ni9(303)、ZG1Cr18Ni9Ti(305)、ZG0Cr18Ni2Mo2Ti(306)、ZG1Cr18Ni12Mo2Ti(307)、ZG00Cr17Ni1-4Mo2(316L)、ZG1Cr18Mn13Mo2CuN(402)等材料耐腐蚀性能表（表1-表5）供选泵时参考。

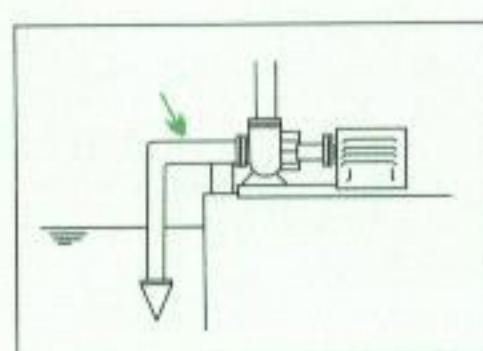
ZG1Cr18Ni9(303)钢的耐腐蚀性能表

表一

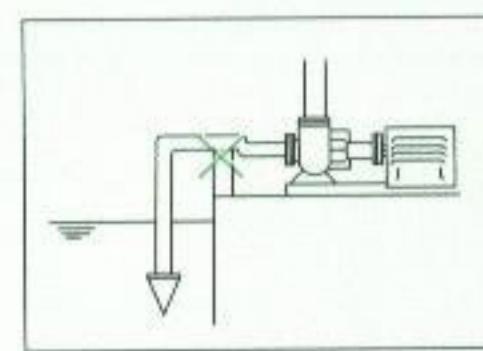
介质条件			腐蚀深度 (mm/a)
介质	浓度 %	深度 °C	
硝 酸	0.5~99	20	<0.1
	7~37	沸	0.1~1
	65	沸	<1
	93	37	0.01
	93	55	0.21
	97	55	0.76
	99	55	1.25
	99	沸	<10
醋 酸	10	沸	<0.1
	50	沸	<1
	80	沸	<3

介质条件			腐蚀深度 (mm/a)
介质	浓度 %	深度 °C	
硝 酸	0.5	190	0.06~0.14
	1	20~19	0.002
	5	20	0.6
	5	40	<3
	5	50	3~4.5
	5	100~105	3.3~15
	10~50	20	2~5
	80	20	0.46
	90~95	20	0.006~0.008
柠檬酸	1~50	20	<0.1
	5	140	<10
	50	沸	<10
	95	20~140	<0.1

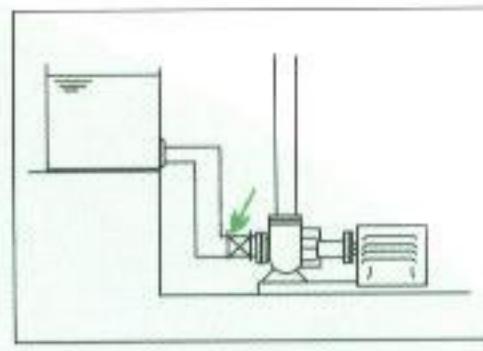
管路设计上的注意事项



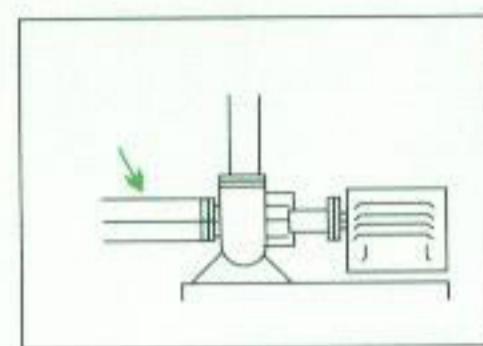
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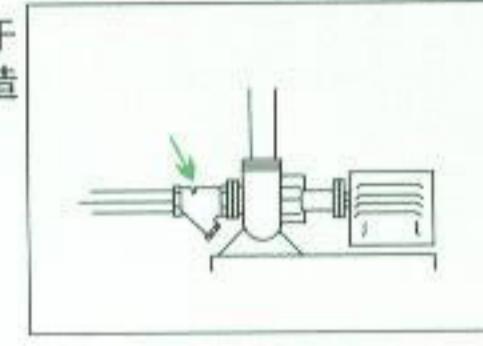
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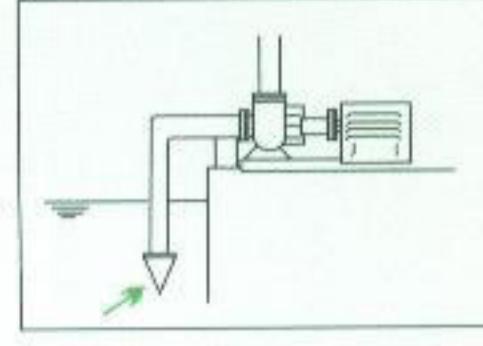
③特别是灌压输入式时，请在泵前安装闸阀，以方便检修作业。



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★金属材料耐腐蚀性能通常用腐蚀深度（又称腐蚀速度）作为评定金属材料耐腐蚀性能的一项主要指标。

★腐蚀深度是指金属材料在单位时间内腐蚀的金属深度，单位用“毫米/年”（mm/a）表示。

★按照腐蚀程度的不同，通常分为：腐蚀深度小于0.1mm/a的材料，称为耐腐蚀性能材料；腐蚀深度为0.1~1mm/a，称为尚耐腐蚀材料；腐蚀深度大于1mm/a，称为耐腐蚀性不好的材料。

★一般泵与介质接触的主要零件的材料选项用在指定介质情况中，尚耐腐蚀性材料就可以。

★为便于用户选用泵进，根据所输送介质条件，选择适宜泵的主要零件材料耐腐蚀性能，本说明书汇编了ZG1Cr18-Ni9(303)、ZG1Cr18Ni9Ti(305)、ZG0Cr18Ni2Mo2Ti(306)、ZG1Cr18Ni12Mo2Ti(307)、ZG00Cr17Ni1-4Mo2(316L)、ZG1Cr18Mn13Mo2CuN(402)等材料耐腐蚀性能表（表1-表5）供选泵时参考。

ZG1Cr18Ni9(303)钢的耐腐蚀性能表

表一

介质条件			腐蚀深度 (mm/a)
介质	浓度 %	深度 ℃	
硝 酸	0.5~99	20	<0.1
	7~37	沸	0.1~1
	65	沸	<1
	93	37	0.01
	93	55	0.21
	97	55	0.76
	99	55	1.25
	99	沸	<10
醋 酸	10	沸	<0.1
	50	沸	<1
	80	沸	<3

介质条件			腐蚀深度 (mm/a)
介质	浓度 %	深度 ℃	
硝 酸	0.5	190	0.06~0.14
	1	20~19	0.002
	5	20	0.6
	5	40	<3
	5	50	3~4.5
	5	100~105	3.3~15
	10~50	20	2~5
	80	20	0.46
柠檬酸	90~95	20	0.006~0.008
	1~50	20	<0.1
	5	140	<10
	50	沸	<10
	95	20~140	<0.1

表二

ZG1Cr18Ni9Ti (305) 钢的耐腐蚀性能表

介质条件			腐蚀深度 (mm/a)
介质	浓度%	温度℃	
硝酸	30	20	0.007
	50~56	20	0
	93	43	0.05
	95	37~55	0.03
	97	55	0.76
	99	55	1.25
	99.67	55	<10
硫酸	2	50	0.016
	2	100	3~6.5
	5	50	3~4.5
	5	100~105	3.3~15
	80	20	0.46
醋酸	1~浓	20~40	<0.1
	10	20~40	<0.1
	50	20~40	<0.1
	80	20~40	<0.3
磷酸	10	80	0.01
	28	80	0.67
	45	80	0.1~1
	60	60	1.7
	80	110	腐蚀深度过大
柠檬酸	1~50	20	<0.1
	5	140	<1
	50	140	<0.1
	95	20~140	<0.1
硫	熔化的	130	<0.1
	熔化的	445	<0.3

介质条件			腐蚀深度 (mm/a)
介质	浓度%	温度℃	
混合酸	H ₂ SO ₄ 78	20	0.003
	HNO ₃ 0.5	20	0.003
	H ₂ SO ₄ 78	90	0.05
	HNO ₃ 0.5	90	0.05
	H ₂ SO ₄ 78	20	0.018
	HNO ₃ 1	20	0.018
	H ₂ SO ₄ 78	90	0.0251
氢氧化钾	HNO ₃ 1	90	0.0251
	20	20~沸	<0.1
	50	20	<0.1
	50	沸	<0.1
氢氧化钠	熔化的	沸	>10
	~12	100	0.0044
	~35	100	0.008
重铬酸钾	25	20~沸	<0.1
氯化锰	10~50	100	<0.1
过氧化钠	10	20~沸	<0.1
亚硫酸钠	25~50	沸	<0.1
硫酸钠	5~饱和	100	<0.1
	熔化的	900	>10.1
硝酸银	10	沸	<0.1
氯	干燥的	20	<0.1
	干燥的	100	>10
漂白粉	潮湿的	40	0.48
氯化氢	干燥的	20~100	<1
	干燥的	100~500	<0.1

表三

ZG0Cr18N2M02Ti (306) 钢的耐腐蚀性能表

介质条件			腐蚀深度 (mm/a)	介质条件			腐蚀深度 (mm/a)
介质	浓度 %	温度 °C		介质	浓度 %	温度 °C	
硝酸	1~5	20	<0.1	氢氟酸	10	20	<0.1
	1~5	80	<0.1		10	100	1~3
	5	沸	<0.1		10~20	沸	<0.1
	20	20~80	<0.1		30	100	<0.1
	50	20~50	<0.1		40	90	<0.1
	50	80	<0.1		50	90	<0.1
	50	沸	<0.1		50	100	<0.1
	60	20~60	<0.1		60	90	<0.1
	60	沸	0.1~1		70	90	<0.1
硫酸	65	20	<0.1	草酸	2.5	20	<0.1
	65	85	<0.1		2.5	60	<0.1
	65	沸	0.1~1		2.5	沸	<0.1
	90	20	<0.1		10	20	<0.1
	90	70	0.1~1		10	沸	1~3
	90	沸	<1~3		50	沸	0.1~1
	99	20	0.1~1		25	沸	<0.1
	99	沸	3~10		50	20	<0.1
	0.5	20	<0.1		50	沸	<0.1
	1	20	<0.1		68	120	<0.1
亚硫酸	3	20	<0.1	高锰酸钾	5~10	20	<0.1
	40	20	<0.1		10	沸	<0.1
	80	20	0.1~1	盐酸	0.5		1~3
	98	20	<0.1		3		<0.1
	2	20	<0.1		5		<0.1
	20	20	<0.1		10		0.1~1

ZG1Cr18Ni12Mo2Ti (307) 钢的耐腐蚀性能表

表四

介质条件			腐蚀深度 (mm/a)
介质	浓度 %	温度 °C	
硫 酸	1	85	<1
	3	80	<3
	5	20	<0.1
	5	80	1~3
	10	20	<0.1
	10	80	1~3
	20	20	<0.1
	20	60	<0.3
	40	20	<0.1
	40	60	>10
	80	20	<1
	80	60	3~10
	20	20	<0.1
亚硫酸	饱和溶液	20	<0.1
	潮湿气体	20	<0.1
	饱和溶液	160~200 (0.8~2MPa)	<0.1
磷 酸	1~80	20	<0.1
	1~45	沸腾	<0.1
	1	140 (0.3MPa)	<0.1
	80	60	<0.1
	80	110~沸腾	1~3
	0.5	20	<0.1
	0.5	沸腾	<3
盐 酸	1	20	<0.1
	1	50	<3
	5	20	<0.1
	5	60	<3
	10	20	<1
	10	60	3~10
	20	20	<3
	20	60	>10
	30	60	3~10
铭 酸	10	20	<0.1

介质条件			腐蚀深度 (mm/a)
介质	浓度 %	温度 °C	
铭 酸	10	沸腾	<1
	50	20	<0.1
	50	沸腾	<0.3
氢氧化钠	10~30	20~沸腾	<0.1
	40~60	120	<0.1
	60	160	<3
	78	120	<0.1
	熔体	318	1~3
氢氧化钾	25~50	20~沸腾	<0.1
	68	120	<0.1
	熔体	300	1~3
氯	干燥的	20	<0.1
	潮湿的	20	<10
	潮湿的	100	>10
	氯水	20	<1
氯苯	钝的	沸腾	<1
	干燥中溶液	20	<0.1
漂白粉	溶液+25%	20	<0.1
	干燥的气体	20~100	<1
氯化氢	干燥的气体	200	<10
	氯化铁	30~50	3
氯化铵	28~饱和溶液	100	<0.1
氯化钙	饱和溶液	100	<0.1
碘	溶液	20	<10.1
碘仿	蒸汽	60	<0.1
溴化钾	溶液	20	<0.1
亚硫酸酐	潮湿的	20	<0.1
	潮湿的	300	<0.1
	潮湿的	500	<1
	潮湿的	900	<3
亚硫酸钠	50	沸腾	<0.1
亚硫酸氢钠	50	沸腾	<0.1
纤维素	纤维素蒸时	沸腾	0 (190h)
尿 素	溶液	20	<0.1

成套供应范围和随机资料及订货须知

■ 成套供应范围

耐腐蚀离心泵1台，电动机1台，底座1个，联轴器1套。

■ 随机资料

耐腐蚀泵使用说明书1本，产品合格证1份，质量跟踪信誉卡1份。

■ 备件

泵的备件主要有泵体、叶轮、轴套、密封部件等零部件（具体订货合同供应）。

■ 订货须知

- 用户在订货时要提供输送介质的名称和密度、温度和浓度、性能（流量、扬程）要求、转速，以便作为泵的选型、选材料、配带电机时技术依据。
- 用户若采用机械密封式或其它种类的密封型式，以及对机械密封材料
- 选择有另外要求的，应在订货时注明具体型号和要求。
- 用户在需要选用表1以外泵的过流部件的其它特殊材料，应在订货时事
- 先提出。
- 泵在特殊的使用场所，需要防爆电机的必须在订货时注明。

正确选型对我们都很重要！

注：凯程将不断完善其产品性能，对产品的部分改动或许难以及时通报阁下。

凯程泵业 KCMD

选型服务卡

尊敬的客户：

当您选用本公司
的产品时，如有选用
情况不清楚，请将此
卡填写后传真或邮寄
给我公司，以便我们
及时辅助选用合适
的产品。

用户 地址 邮编

联系人 电话 传真

使用场合 使用介质 使用温度

要求流量 要求扬程 输送距离

系统压力 管路损失 特殊要求

是否需配控制柜 电源

原选用型号 现选用型号

注：电机选配方法：介质 $\rho \leq 1.0$ 时，按 $\rho=1.0$ 选配； $1.0 < \rho \leq 1.35$ 时，按 $\rho=1.35$ 选配； $1.35 < \rho \leq 1.84$ 时按 $\rho=1.84$ 选配。